



Press Release

“The Open Market Operations Committee Decides to Keep the “Main Interest Rate” of the Central Bank and the Remaining Monetary Policy Instruments Interest Rates”

In its fifth meeting for this year, the Open Market Operations Committee at the Central Bank of Jordan decided to keep the “main interest rate” of the Central Bank as well as the remaining monetary policy instruments interest rates at their current levels without change.

This decision is taken after a thorough assessment of domestic financial, monetary and economic developments as well as the review of regional and international economic developments, as economic indicators show the robustness and resilience of the national economy against challenges resulting from geopolitical tensions in the region. The gross domestic product recorded growth by 2.7% for the first quarter of the current year, a rise of 0.5-percentage point from the same quarter of last year, which is driven by growth in almost all economic sectors. The Central Bank’s estimates indicate recording a growth of 2.7% in the whole year of 2025, supported by improvement in the domestic and external demand.

Indicators further show the strength of the monetary stability in the Kingdom, supported by a high level of foreign reserves at the Central Bank that exceeded USD 22 billion as of the end of June 2025, and are sufficient to cover 8.4 months of the Kingdom’s goods and services imports. The inflation rate remains stable at 2% during the first half of this year, with its stability predicted to continue around 2.2% during the whole year of 2025, which will contribute to maintaining purchase power and solidifying the competitiveness of the national economy.

Similarly, banking sector indicators continue their robust performance, as clients' deposits at banks rose on an annual basis by 7.1% reaching about JD 48.2 billion by the end of June 2025, and credit facilities granted by banks recorded a growth of 3.9% on an annual basis, reaching about JD 35.5 billion. The financial soundness indicators show strength of the Jordanian banking sector, whereas the capital adequacy ratio reached 18%, which is among the highest in the region, while legal liquidity reached 144.7%, exceeding the minimum required ratio set by the Central Bank at 100%.

The indicators of the external sector have also continued to attain positive performance, whereas tourism income has increased by 11.9% during the first half of 2025 reaching about USD 3.7 billion in comparison with the same period of last year. Overall exports also witnessed a high growth of 8.6% during the first five months of 2025 reaching USD 5.6 billion.

The Central Bank of Jordan affirms its commitment to continuously monitoring economic, monetary, and financial developments at both local and international levels, while taking all necessary measures to maintain monetary and financial stability in the Kingdom to ensure stable and moderate inflationary levels, serving the goals of sustainable economic growth in the Kingdom.

Central Bank of Jordan